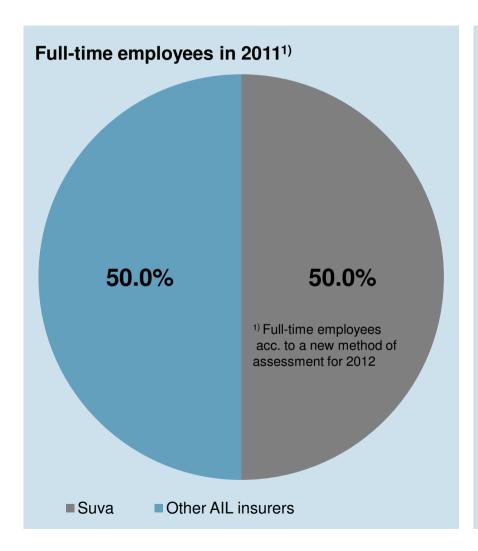
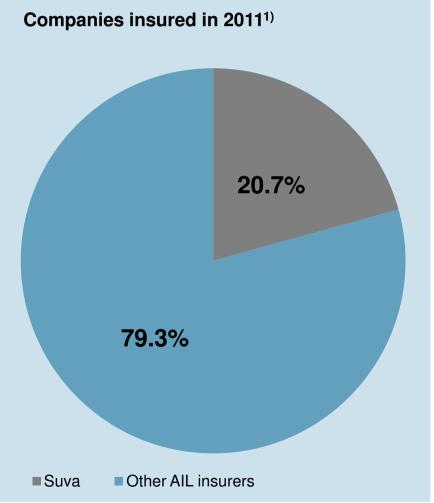
Suva – insurance plus





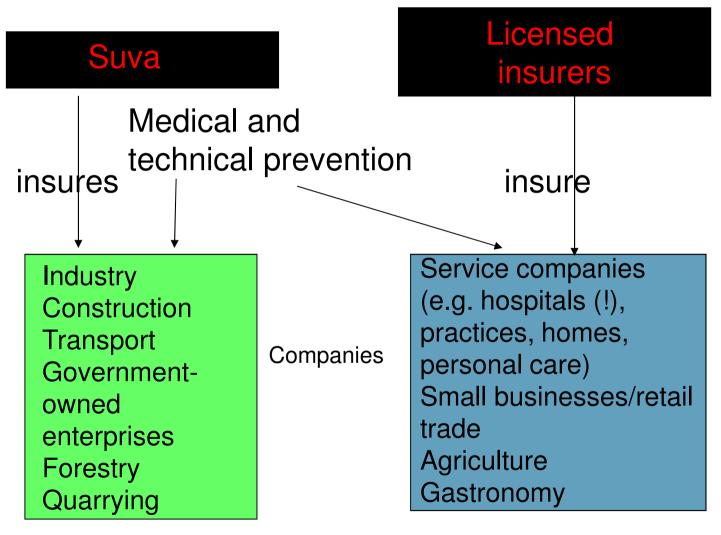
The accident insurers according to the AIL







Compulsory Accident Insurers





Basel, 18/10/2013

The Suva model

Suva's four basic pillars



- Suva is more than insurance: it combines prevention, insurance and rehabilitation.
- Suva is managed by the social partners. The balanced composition of its Board of Directors made up of employers', employees' and federal representatives permits widely supported and sustainable solutions.
- Insurees benefit from any profits Suva makes in the form of premium reductions.
- Suva is self-supporting; it receives no public subsidies.

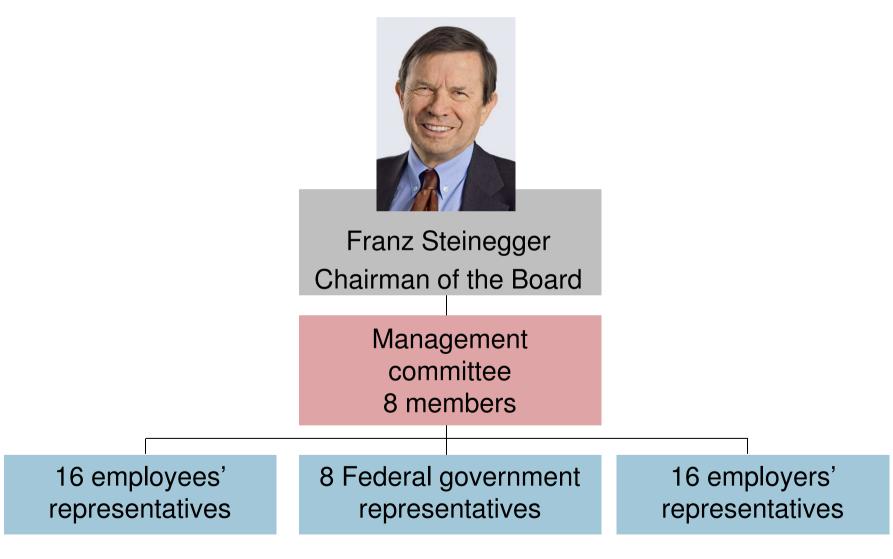


The product mix





Board of Directors



Suva – the most efficient accident insurer

Suva



95 centimes

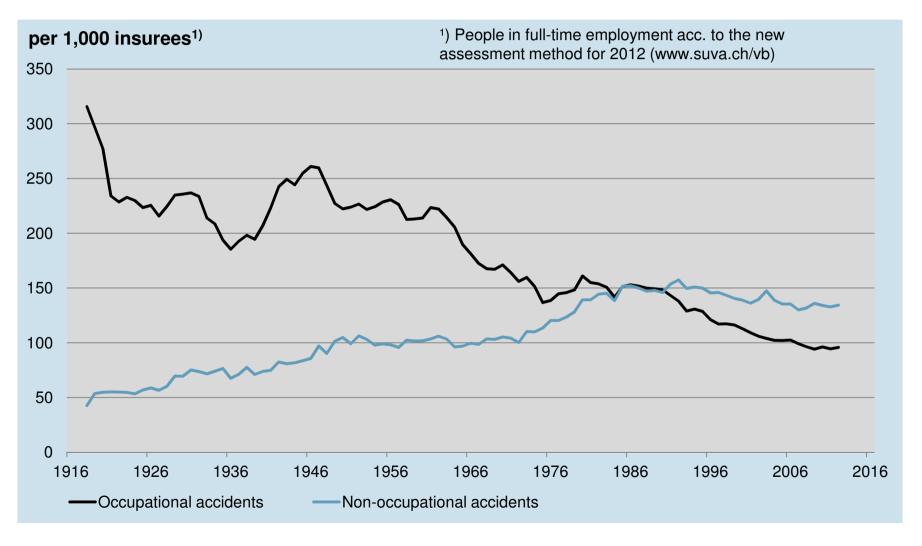
Private insurance



80 centimes

- Out of every Swiss franc invested in the «Suva system», 95 centimes go back to customers as benefits.
- The figure among private insurance companies is 80 centimes.

Occupational and non-occupational accidents





Suva – Accident frequency and case costs

Average claim risk	Per no. of full-time employees ¹⁾	
per year	Occup.	Non-occup.
1 general case	10	7
1 case involving daily benefits	24	18
1 case involving disability	1,950	2,150
1 fatality with survivor's pension	24,900	8,000
Average cost per case and capital values (in CHF)	Occup.	Non-occup.
Medical treatment costs	1,600	2,100
Daily benefits	5,900	5,300
Capital value of a disability pension	230,000	310,000
Capital value of a survivor's pension	550,000	580,000

¹⁾ People in full-time employment acc. to the new assessment method for 2012

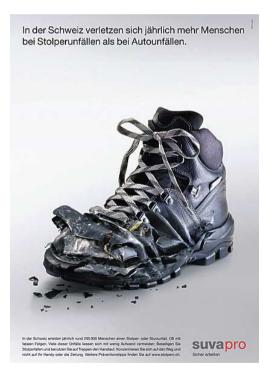


Prevention programmes and campaigns

- "Vision 250 Life"
- "Identify asbestos take the right steps"
- "stolpern.ch"









«stolpern.ch» campaign



The balance programme



From the age of 30, muscles just melt away if not trained. People who boost their strength and balance with a footbag reduce the risk of tripping.

Suva's balance programme is available as an app for smartphones or in brochure form.

Snow sports campaign





Suva - island or insurance





Suva - capital of the Fidschies





Suva: Schweizerische Unfallversicherungsanstalt





Occupational diseases

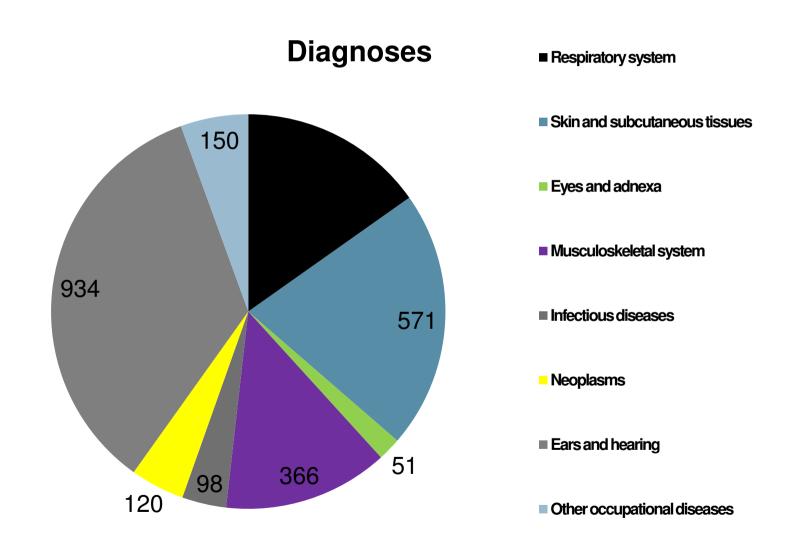


Examples:

- Occupational asthma (or allergies of the breathing passages)
- Eczema
- Diseases caused by the previous effect of asbestos
- Hearing impairment caused by noise
- Tenosynovitis
- Bursitis
- Occupational infections (e.g. healthcare, malaria after business trips outside Europe)

Occupational disease cases in 2011 (total 2701 OD, UVG total)

Excl. cases of contamination





SuvaPro

Preventing occupational accidents & occupational diseases





Direct legal obligation

(not derived from core worker protection legislation)

- > work in pressurised athmosphere (diving, construction et al)
- > work with ionising radiation
- > crane operators

Workers protection legislation

Suva: mandated to provide and control prevention of accidents and occupational deseases for all swiss workers

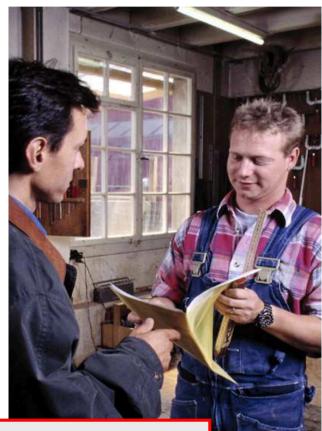
- > Technical prevention: technical Suva experts
- Medical prevention: Dep. Occupational Medicine

Note: the regulation for general health protection (working hours, shift work, ergonomie etc.) on the workplace is mandated to a second public regulation authority and surveillance organisation!



Reasons to establish a prevention program

- > exposures over the defined exposure limit
- ➤ Cancerogene exposures
- ➤ Exposures with special hazards (substances, working conditions)
- ➤ Multiple exposures (f.ex.: foundry)
- ➤ Unknown effects of new exposures (nanomaterial)

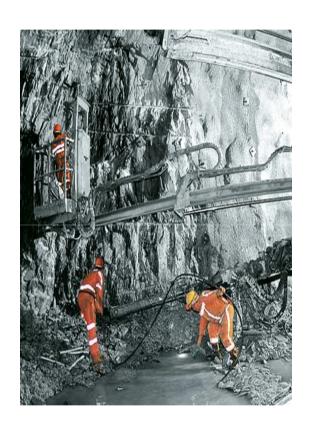


No general Check up but evaluation of target parameters

Beurteilung der Gefährdung

- > elements of production conditions (quantities etc.)
- ➤ Substances and exposure conditions (hazards)
- ➤ Technical and organisational protection mesures

Risk-evaluation





Elements of prevention programs

- ➤ Selection of a prevention program
- ➤ Definition of perodicity, adoption of parameters, if possible: biological monitoring
- ➤ Definition of the examined group of workers, individuals
- ➤ Definition of the medical service provider
- Decision about aptitude:Suva Occupational Physician





Untersuchungsprogramme AMV

Physikalische Einwirkungen

GD Druckluft

GS Hitzearbeit im Untertagbau ohne Untertagebau

GI1 Ionisierende Strahlen geschlossen

GI2 Ionisierende Strahlen offen

GI3 Ionisierende Strahlen Kernanlagen (KKW)

GI5 Schutzanzug für KKW

(nur im Zusammenhang mit GI3)

GG Lärm

GC Vibrationen

Arbeitsstoffe

ZW Atemwegsgefährdende StoffeZX Organ. Lösungsmittel (diverse)

ZZ Chemiearbeit

AS Antimon

AP Aromatische Amine

AO Arsen

BC Benzol
BE Beryllium

BG Blei

CA Cadmium

CQ Chromverbindungen

DE Dimethylformamid

FA Fluor

IA Isocyanate

MD Methylethylketon

NE Nitroglycerin

NH Nickel

NF Nitroglykol

NC Carbon Nanotubes

NP Nanopartikel

PH Phosphorsäure-Ester

PH2 Elem. gelber Phosphor

QA Quecksilber

AG Scopolamin

SP Styrol

HF5 TCDD

TT Teer, Pech, Bitumen

TG Toluol

NK Trotyl

HF Vinylchlorid

XA Xylol

Stäube

LB Asbest-Staub

LH Hartmetall-Staub

LQ Quarz-Staub / Untertagbau / Giessereien

LX Diverse Stäube

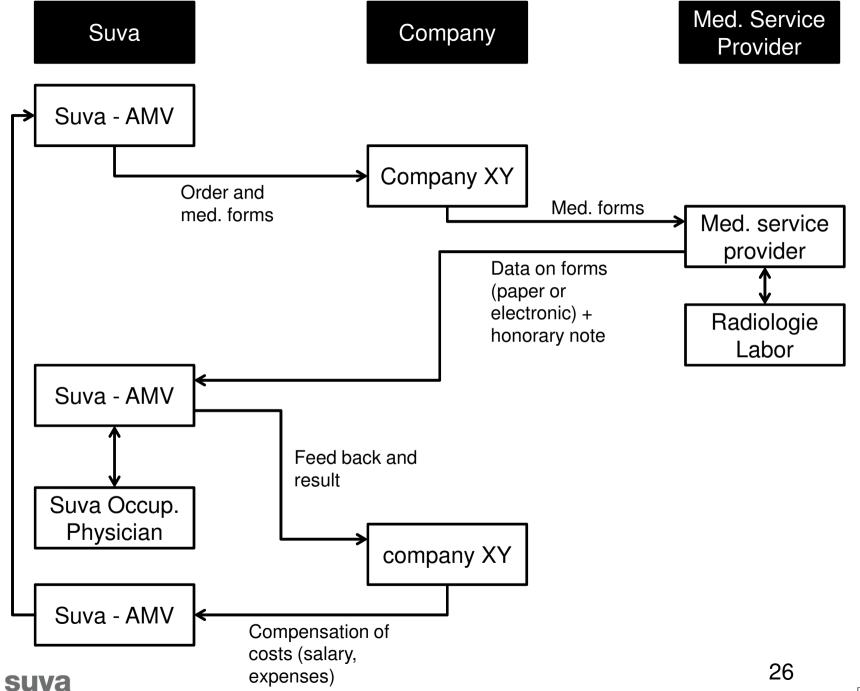
Andere Untersuchungen

YK Kranführer

(Art. 9.2, Abs. 2b der Kranverordnung)







Audiometrie service



